

**SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking****1.1. Product identifier**

Trade name or designation of the mixture	Scan spray luer blue 50 ml
Registration number	-
Synonyms	None.
SDS number	5344
Product code	500516 / 500517
Issue date	26-October-2015
Version number	1,0
Revision date	26-October-2015
Product use	Professional use

**1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Identified uses	For medical use Matting agent for the optical impression in dental CAD / CAM process
Uses advised against	None known.

**1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

Company name	Dentaco GmbH & Co.KG
Address	Max-Keith-Str. 46 45136 Essen, Germany
Telephone number	+ 49 ( 0) 201/ 8098290
Fax	+ 49 (0) 201/ 80982999
Homepage	www.dentaco.de ; info@dentaco.de
E-mail	HSE@rle.de
1.4 Emergency telephone number	+ 49 ( 0) 201/ 8098290 (Mo. - Fr. 09:00 - 17:00)

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification****2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture**

The mixture has been assessed and/or tested for its physical, health and environmental hazards and the following classification applies.

**Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended**

<b>Physical hazards</b>		
Aerosols	Category 3	H229 - Pressurized container: May burst if heated.
<b>Environmental hazards</b>		
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term aquatic hazard	Category 3	H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**2.2. Label elements****Label according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 as amended**

Hazard pictograms	None.
Signal word	Warning
<b>Hazard statements</b>	
H229	Pressurized container: May burst if heated.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements**

<b>Prevention</b>	
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P262	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

**Response**

P301 + P330 + P331  
P310

IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.  
Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

#### Storage

P410 + P412

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

#### Disposal

None.

#### Supplemental label information

10 % by mass of the contents are flammable.  
EUH208 - Contains Lemon, Ext.. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Based on the test data, the product is not classified as a flammable aerosol.  
The mixture contains no substance that fulfils the criteria of a PBT- or vPvB substance.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

##### General information

Chemical name	%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	Index No.	Notes
1,1,1,2,3,3,3-Heptafluoropropane	40 - < 60	431-89-0 207-079-2	01-2119485489-18-XXXX	-	
<b>Classification:</b>	Press. Gas;H280				
Ethanol	1 - 10	64-17-5 200-578-6	01-2119457610-43-XXXX	603-002-00-5	Eye Irrit. 2 H319 , C >= 50.0%
<b>Classification:</b>	Flam. Liq. 2;H225, Eye Irrit. 2;H319				
Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)	2 - 4	14807-96-6 238-877-9	-	-	
<b>Classification:</b>	Acute Tox. 4;H332, STOT SE 3;H335				
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	0,1 - < 1	64742-49-0 265-151-9	-	649-328-00-1	Note P
<b>Classification:</b>	Asp. Tox. 1;H304, Muta. 1B;H340, Carc. 1B;H350				
Lemon, Ext.	0,1 - < 0,5	84929-31-7 284-515-8	-	-	
<b>Classification:</b>	Flam. Liq. 3;H226, Asp. Tox. 1;H304, Skin Irrit. 2;H315, Skin Sens. 1;H317, Aquatic Acute 1;H400, Aquatic Chronic 1;H410				

List of abbreviations and symbols that may be used above:

Note: Regulation No. 1272/2008 - Annex VI

#### Composition comments

The full text for all H-statements is displayed in section 16.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### General information

If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

##### Inhalation

Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

##### Skin contact

Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

##### Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

##### Ingestion

In the unlikely event of swallowing contact a physician or poison control centre. Rinse mouth.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Coughing. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### General fire hazards

Not available.

<b>5.1. Extinguishing media</b>	
<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
<b>5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture</b>	Contents under pressure. Pressurised container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
<b>5.3. Advice for firefighters</b>	
<b>Special protective equipment for firefighters</b>	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
<b>Special fire fighting procedures</b>	Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.
<b>Specific methods</b>	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### **6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

**For non-emergency personnel** Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8.

**For emergency responders** Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8 of the SDS.

**6.2. Environmental precautions** Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases.

**6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up** Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil etc) away from spilled material. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

**6.4. Reference to other sections** For personal protection, see section 8. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

**7.1. Precautions for safe handling** Pressurised container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not re-use empty containers. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

**7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** Pressurised container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). TRGS 510 storage class: 2B

**7.3. Specific end use(s)** For medical use  
Matting agent for the optical impression in dental CAD / CAM process

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### **8.1. Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

<b>Germany Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL	1920 mg/m3
<b>Comments:</b>	15 minutes average value	
<b>Comments:</b>	15 minutes average value	1000 ppm

**Germany. DFG MAK List (advisory OELs). Commission for the Investigation of Health Hazards of Chemical Compounds in the Work Area (DFG)**

Components	Type	Value
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	TWA	960 mg/m3 500 ppm

**Germany - TRGS 900**

Material	Type	Value
Scan spray luer blue 50 ml	AGW	1500 mg/m3
<b>Comments:</b>	Workplace exposure limit according to RCP method for the hydrocarbon fraction (TRGS 900, Sect. 2.9)	
	STEL	3000 mg/m3
<b>Comments:</b>	Workplace exposure limit according to RCP method for the hydrocarbon fraction (TRGS 900, Sect. 2.9)	

Components	Type	Value
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL	1920 mg/m3
<b>Comments:</b>	15 minutes average value	
		1000 ppm
<b>Comments:</b>	15 minutes average value	

**Germany. TRGS 900, Limit Values in the Ambient Air at the Workplace**

Components	Type	Value	Form
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	AGW	960 mg/m3 500 ppm	
Silicon dioxide	AGW	4 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4) (CAS 14807-96-6)	AGW	10 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
		1,25 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	AGW	10 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
		1,25 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.

**Biological limit values** No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

**Recommended monitoring procedures** Follow standard monitoring procedures.

**Derived no-effect level (DNEL)**

Components	Type	Route	Value	Form
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	Consumer	Dermal	206 mg/kg/day	-
<b>Comments:</b>	Long term exposure systemic effects	Inhalation	950 mg/m3	-
<b>Comments:</b>	Short term exposure - local effects	Inhalation	114 mg/m3	
<b>Comments:</b>	Long term exposure systemic effects	Oral	87 mg/kg/day	-
<b>Comments:</b>	Long term exposure systemic effects	Professional Dermal	343 mg/kg/day	-
<b>Comments:</b>	Long term exposure systemic effects	Inhalation	950 mg/m3	-
<b>Comments:</b>	Long term exposure systemic effects	Inhalation	1900 mg/m3	
<b>Comments:</b>	Short term exposure - local effects	Professional Inhalation	4 mg/m3	-
Silicon dioxide	Professional	Inhalation	4 mg/m3	-
<b>Comments:</b>	Long term exposure systemic effects	Consumer Oral	700 mg/kg/day	-
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	Consumer	Oral	700 mg/kg/day	-
<b>Comments:</b>	Long term exposure systemic effects	Industry Inhalation	10 mg/m3	-
<b>Comments:</b>	Long term Local effects	Professional Inhalation	10 mg/m3	-
<b>Comments:</b>	Long term Local effects			

## Predicted no effect concentrations (PNECs)

Components	Type	Route	Value	Form
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	Not applicable	Oral	0,72 mg/g	
		Sediment	0,0036 mg/g	Fresh water
		Soil	0,00063 mg/g	
		STP	580 mg/l	
		Water	2,75 mg/l	Intermittent release
		Water	0,96 mg/l	Fresh water
		Water	0,79 mg/l	Seawater
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	Not applicable	Floor	100 mg/kg	
		Oral	1667 mg/kg	Feed (oral)
		Sediment	1000 mg/kg	Fresh water
		Sediment	100 mg/kg	Seawater
		STP	100 mg/l	
		Water	1 mg/l	Seawater
		Water	0,61 mg/l	Intermittent release
		Water	0,127 mg/l	Fresh water

## 8.2. Exposure controls

### Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

#### General information

Use personal protective equipment as required. Personal protection equipment should be chosen according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment.

#### Eye/face protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

#### Skin protection

##### - Hand protection

For prolonged or repeated skin contact use suitable protective gloves.

##### - Other

Wear suitable protective clothing.

#### Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

#### Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

### Hygiene measures

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

### Environmental exposure controls

Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

##### Physical state

Aerosol.

##### Form

Aerosol

##### Colour

Blue

#### Odour

Odourless.

#### Odour threshold

Not available.

#### pH

Not available.

#### Melting point/freezing point

Not available.

#### Initial boiling point and boiling range

78 °C (172,4 °F) approximately

#### Flash point

Not applicable, since aerosol

#### Evaporation rate

Not available.

#### Flammability (solid, gas)

Not available.

#### Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

##### Flammability limit - lower (%)

Not available.

##### Flammability limit - upper (%)

Not available.

Vapour pressure	4000 hPa
Vapour density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Solubility (other)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Explosive properties	Not available.
Oxidising properties	Not available.
<b>9.2. Other information</b>	
Heat of combustion	14 kJ/g
VOC (EU)	Not applicable

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

<b>10.1. Reactivity</b>	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
<b>10.2. Chemical stability</b>	Material is stable under normal conditions.
<b>10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
<b>10.4. Conditions to avoid</b>	Contact with incompatible materials.
<b>10.5. Incompatible materials</b>	Strong oxidising agents.
<b>10.6. Hazardous decomposition products</b>	Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other hydrocarbon fragments.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**General information** Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.

### **Information on likely routes of exposure**

<b>Inhalation</b>	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
<b>Skin contact</b>	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Ingestion</b>	May cause discomfort if swallowed.

**Symptoms** Not available.

### **11.1. Information on toxicological effects**

<b>Product</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Test results</b>
Scan spray luer blue 50 ml		
<b><u>Acute</u></b>		
<b>Inhalation</b>		
Dust		> 5 mg/l, 4 hours (calcd. ATE)
<b>Components</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Test results</b>
Talc (Mg <sub>3</sub> H <sub>2</sub> (SiO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> ) (CAS 14807-96-6)		
<b><u>Acute</u></b>		
<b>Inhalation</b>		
Liquid		11 mg/l, 4 hours (acc. CLP 3.1.2)
Dust		1,5 mg/l, 4 hours (acc. CLP 3.1.2)
<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
<b>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</b>	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.	
<b>Respiratory sensitisation</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
<b>Skin sensitisation</b>	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	

<b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b>	CAS 64742-49-0: Note P is applicable (contains less than 0,1 % w/w benzene (EINECS No 200-753-7), therefore no classification as mutagen
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	CAS 64742-49-0: Note P is applicable (contains less than 0,1 % w/w benzene (EINECS No 200-753-7), therefore no classification as carcinogen
<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Mixture versus substance information</b>	No information available.
<b>Other information</b>	Not available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

<b>12.1. Toxicity</b>	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
<b>12.2. Persistence and degradability</b>	No data is available on the degradability of this product.
<b>12.3. Bioaccumulative potential</b>	No data available.
<b>Bioconcentration factor (BCF)</b>	Not available.
<b>12.4. Mobility in soil</b>	No data available.
<b>12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment</b>	The mixture contains no substance that fulfils the criteria of a PBT- or vPvB substance.
<b>12.6. Other adverse effects</b>	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this product.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

<b>13.1. Waste treatment methods</b>	
<b>Residual waste</b>	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
<b>Contaminated packaging</b>	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Do not re-use empty containers.
<b>EU waste code</b>	The Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.  16 05 04 15 01 10
<b>Disposal methods/information</b>	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
<b>Special precautions</b>	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### **ADR**

<b>14.1. UN number</b>	UN3296
<b>14.2. UN proper shipping name</b>	HEPTAFLUOROPROPANE (REFRIGERANT GAS R 227)
<b>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	2.2
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Label(s)</b>	2.2
<b>Hazard No. (ADR)</b>	20
<b>Tunnel restriction code</b>	C/E
<b>14.4. Packing group</b>	Not applicable.
<b>14.5. Environmental hazards</b>	No.
<b>14.6. Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
<b>Special provisions</b>	Not available.

<b>Classification code</b>	2A
<b>IATA</b>	
<b>14.1. UN number</b>	UN3296
<b>14.2. UN proper shipping name</b>	Heptafluoropropane
<b>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	2.2
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>14.4. Packing group</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Packaging instructions</b>	200
<b>Packaging instructions cargo only</b>	200
<b>14.5. Environmental hazards</b>	No.
<b>ERG Code</b>	2L
<b>14.6. Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Passenger and cargo aircraft</b>	Allowed.
<b>Cargo aircraft only</b>	Allowed.
<b>Maximum net quantity packaging - Passenger and cargo aircraft</b>	75 kg
<b>Maximum net quantity packaging cargo only</b>	150 kg
<b>Maximum net quantity packaging - Limited quantity</b>	Forbidden
<b>Special provisions</b>	Not available.
<b>IMDG</b>	
<b>14.1. UN number</b>	UN3296
<b>14.2. UN proper shipping name</b>	HEPTAFLUOROPROPANE (REFRIGERANT GAS R 227)
<b>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	2.2
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>14.4. Packing group</b>	Not applicable.
<b>14.5. Environmental hazards</b>	
<b>Marine pollutant</b>	No.
<b>EmS</b>	F-C, S-V
<b>14.6. Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
<b>Special provisions</b>	Not available.
<b>14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code</b>	Not available.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### **15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

#### **EU regulations**

Not applicable.

#### **Restrictions on use**

**Directive 92/85/EEC: on the safety and health of pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or are breastfeeding, as amended**

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)

#### **Other regulations**

This Safety Data Sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 2015/830.

#### **Other EU regulations**

1,1,1,2,3,3,3-Heptafluoropropane (R-227ea), CAS No : 431-89-0 is exempted from the prohibition of mixtures containing fluorinated greenhouse gases in accordance with REGULATION (EU) No 517/2014 as it is used for medical applications

**Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work, as amended**

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)



VOC (EU): Not applicable  
Directive 2012/18/EU on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances

Not applicable

National regulations Follow national regulation for work with chemical agents.

Water hazard class

VwVwS (According to Annex IV) WGK2

15.2. Chemical safety assessment No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

### **List of abbreviations**

AC: Article category.  
acc., acc.to: according, according to.  
ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.  
AFNOR: French Institute for Standards (Association Française de Normalisation).  
ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways (Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de navigation intérieures).  
ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road (Accord européen relatif transport des marchandises dangereuses par route).  
AGW: Occupational threshold limit value (Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert – Germany).  
AICS: Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances.  
ANSI: American National Standards Institute.  
AOEL: Acceptable Operator Exposure Level.  
AOX: adsorbable organic halogen compounds.  
approx.: approximately.  
ASTM: ASTM International.  
ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate according to REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP).  
BAM: Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany (Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung).  
Maximum permissible concentration of biological working substances (BAT: Biologische Arbeitsstofftoleranzwerte).  
BAuA: Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany (Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin).  
BCF: Bio-concentration factor.  
BET: Brunauer-Emmett-Teller.  
BLV: Biological Limit Value.  
BLV: Biological Limit Value (BGW: Biologischer Grenzwert, Austria).  
BMGV: Biological Monitoring Guidance Value (EH40,UK).  
BSI: British Standards Institution.  
BS: British Standard.  
BOD5: Biochemical oxygen demand within 5 days.  
BOD: Biochemical oxygen demand.  
bw: Body weight.  
calcd.: calculated.  
CAS: Chemical Abstract Service.  
CEN: European Committee for Standardization (Comité Européen de Normalisation).  
CESIO: European Committee on Organic Surfactants and their Intermediates (Comité Européen des Agents de Surface et de leurs Intermédiaires Organiques).  
ChemRRV: Ordinance on the risk reduction related to chemical products (ChemRRV: Chemikalien-Risikoreduktions-verordnung, Switzerland).  
CLP: Classification, Labeling and Packaging REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labeling and packaging of substances and mixtures.  
CMR: Substances classified as Carcinogenic, Mutagenic or toxic for Reproduction.  
CNS: Central Nervous System.  
CNT: Carbon nanotubes.  
COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand.  
CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment.  
CSR: Chemical Safety Report.  
DETEC: Swiss Federal Department of the Environment, Transport, Energy and Communications.  
DIN: German Standards Institute / German industrial norm (Deutsches Institut für Normung / Deutsche Industrienorm).  
DMEL: Derived Minimum Effect Level.  
DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.  
DOC: Dissolved organic carbon.  
DPD: Directive 1999-45-EC / Dangerous Preparations Directive.  
DSD: Directive 67/548-EC / Dangerous Substances Directive.  
DSL: Canada, Domestic Substances List.

DU: Downstream User.  
 dw: dry weight.  
 e.g.: For example, for instance.  
 EBW: Exposure Based Waiving.  
 EC: European Community.  
 EC50: Effective Concentration 50%.  
 ECHA: European Chemical Agency.  
 EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.  
 ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances.  
 EN: European norm.  
 ENCS: Japan, Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances.  
 EPA: United States Environmental Protection Agency.  
 ERC: Environmental release category.  
 ES: Exposure scenario.  
 EUSES: European Union System for the Evaluation of Substances.  
 EWC/EWL: European Waste Catalogue.  
 GCL: General concentration limit.  
 gen.: general.  
 GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.  
 GLP: Good Laboratory Practice.  
 GW/VL: Occupational exposure limit value.  
 GW-kw: Occupational exposure limit value - short term.  
 GW-M/VL-M: Occupational exposure limit value – "Ceiling".  
 GWP: Global Warming Potential.  
 HPV: High Production Volume Chemicals.  
 HEPA: High Efficiency Particulate Air.  
 IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer.  
 IATA: International Air Transport Association.  
 IBC: Intermediate Bulk Container.  
 IBC Code: International Bulk Chemical (Code) (International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk).  
 ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.  
 IC50: Inhibition Concentration 50%.  
 IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China.  
 IMDG Code: International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.  
 IMO: International Maritime Organization.  
 incl.: including, inclusive.  
 ISO: International Standards Organization.  
 IUCLID: International Uniform Chemical Information Database.  
 IUPAC: International Union for Pure Applied Chemistry.  
 KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory.  
 LCA: Life Cycle Assessment.  
 LC: Lethal Concentration.  
 LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%.  
 LCLo: Lowest published lethal concentration.  
 LD50: Lethal Dose 50%.  
 LEV: Local exhaust ventilation.  
 LOAEL: Lowest observed adverse effect level.  
 LOEC: Lowest observable effect concentration.  
 LOEL: Lowest observable effect level.  
 LPV: Low Production Volume Chemicals.  
 LQ: Limited Quantities.  
 Air Quality Control Regulation (LRV: Luftreinhalteverordnung, Switzerland).  
 TLV-STEL: Threshold limit value - Short-term exposure limit / Technical reference concentration - short-time value (TRK-Kzw = Technische Richtkonzentration - Kurzzeitwert).  
 Maximum allowable workplace concentration – instantaneous value (MAK-Mow: Maximale Arbeitsplatzkonzentration – Momentanwert, Austria)  
 Maximum allowable workplace concentration – daily mean value / Technical standard concentration – daily mean value (MAK-Tmw, TRK-Tmw : Maximale Arbeitsplatzkonzentration - Tagesmittelwert / TRK-Tmw = Technische Richtkonzentration – Tagesmittelwert, Austria).  
 MAK: Threshold limit values Germany (Maximale Arbeitsplatzkonzentration - DFG).  
 MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships.  
 MTD: Maximum tolerated dose.  
 MWCNT: Multi-walled carbon nanotubes.  
 n.a.: not applicable.  
 N/A: Not available.  
 n.d.: not determined.  
 NLP: No Longer Polymers.

NDSL: Canada, Non-Domestic Substances List.  
 NF: French Norm (See AFNOR).  
 NFPA: National Fire Protection Association.  
 NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health.  
 NOAEC: No Observed Adverse Effect Concentration.  
 NOAEL: No observed adverse effect level.  
 NOEC: No observed effect concentration.  
 NOEL: No observed effect level.  
 NTP: National Toxicology Program.  
 NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals.  
 ODP: Ozone Depletion Potential.  
 OECD: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development.  
 OEL: Occupational Exposure Limit.  
 org.: organic.  
 OSHA: Occupational Safety & Health Administration.  
 PAH: Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons.  
 PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic.  
 PC: Product category.  
 PE: Polyethylene.  
 PEC: Predicted Environmental Concentration.  
 PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit.  
 PIC: Prior Informed Consent.  
 PICCS: Philippines Inventory of Commercial Chemical Substances.  
 PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.  
 POCF: Photochemical ozone creation potential (Photochemisches Ozonbildungspotenzial).  
 POP: Persistent Organic Pollutant.  
 PPORD: Product and Process Oriented Research and Development.  
 PPE: Personal Protective Equipment.  
 PROC: Process category.  
 RA: Risk Assessment.  
 RAR: Risk Assessment Report.  
 RCRA: Resource Conservation Recovery Act.  
 REACH: Registration, Evaluation and Authorization of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning Registration, Evaluation Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals).  
 RID: Regulations concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by rail (Règlement International concernant le transport de marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer).  
 RMM: Risk Management Measure.  
 RTECS: Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances.  
 QSAR: Quantitative Structure Activity Relation.  
 SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act.  
 SADT: Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature.  
 SCL: Specific concentration limit.  
 SEA: socio economic analysis.  
 STEL: Short-term Exposure Limit.  
 STP: Sewage treatment plant.  
 SU: Sector of use.  
 SVHC: Substance of Very High Concern.  
 SWCNT: single-walled carbon nanotubes.  
 ThOD: Theoretical oxygen demand.  
 TOC: Total Organic Carbon.  
 TLV: Threshold Limit Value.  
 TRA: Targeted Risk Assessment.  
 TRGS: Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (German Standard)  
 TSCA: Toxic Substance Control Act.  
 TWA: Time Weighted Average.  
 UC: Use category.  
 UDS: Use descriptor system.  
 UEC: Use and exposure categories.  
 UN: United Nations.  
 UN RTDG: United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods.  
 UVCB: Unknown or Variable Composition, Complex Reaction Products, and Biological Materials.  
 Regulation on combustible liquids (VbF: Verordnung über brennbare Flüssigkeiten, Austria).  
 Regulation of the Austria Minister for Labor and Social Affairs regarding health surveillance at the workplace (VGÜ = Verordnung des Bundesministers für Arbeit und Soziales über die Gesundheitsüberwachung am Arbeitsplatz).  
 VOC: Volatile organic compounds.  
 vPvB: very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative.  
 VwVwS : Administrative Regulation water-polluting substances (German Regulation).

WEL-TWA: Workplace Exposure Limit-Long term exposure limit (8-hour TWA(=time weighted average)reference period).  
WEL-STEL: Workplace Exposure Limit-Short term exposure limit (15-minute reference period).  
WGK: Water hazard class in accordance with VwVwS (German regulation)  
WGK1:Slightly hazardous for water  
WGK2: Water endangering.  
WGK3: Severe hazard to waters  
WoE: Weight of evidence.  
WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.  
WHO: World Health Organization.  
wwt: wet weight.

**References**

Not available.

**Information on evaluation method leading to the classification of mixture**

Based on the test data,the product is not classified as a flammable aerosol. The classification for health and environmental hazards is derived by a combination of calculation methods and test data, if available.

**Full text of any H-statements not written out in full under Sections 2 to 15**

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.  
H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.  
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
H315 Causes skin irritation.  
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.  
H332 Harmful if inhaled.  
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.  
H340 May cause genetic defects.  
H350 May cause cancer.  
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.  
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Revision information**

None.

**Training information**

Follow training instructions when handling this material.

**Disclaimer**

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.